

Ownership & Economic Opportunity for All

#### **Charter School Financial Health Metrics**

Giving students a high-quality public education requires charter schools to be strong both academically and financially. Take a look at the metrics below to assess your school's financial health.

### Liquidity:

Current Ratio > 1.0
Days Cash on Hand
Minimum ≥ 30
Optimal ≥ 90

### Leverage:

Debt/Net Assets < 3 Total Liabilities/Total Assets < .90

# **Debt and Lease Coverage**

 $Minimum \ge 1.2$ 

#### **Positive Cash Flow Trends**

Minimal reliance on fund balance for operational expenses

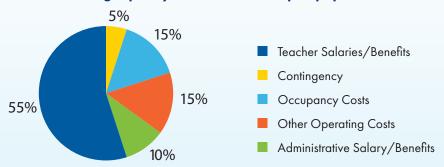
#### **Other Indicators**

Enrollment

- Historical
- Projections

Ability to Refinance at Maturity Staff Turnover Regulatory Climate

## How do high quality charters allocate per-pupil revenue?



## **Charter School Financial Health Metrics**

Schools that spend less than 55% of revenue on instruction and more than 15% on occupancy costs have limited budget flexibility

Occupancy costs include rent/mortgage, insurance, maintenance/repairs and all other building related expenses.

Facility capacity at least 75 ft<sup>2</sup> per student (100 ft<sup>2</sup> per pupil ideal)

Operating expenses about \$6/ft<sup>2</sup>

For more financial management resources for charter school leaders, visit www.self-help.org/charterschools